

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 180.1023

COMMODITY

Beans, dry, edible	Potatoes
Corn, fodder	Rice
Corn, forage	Rice, straw
Corn, grain	Safflower, grain
Cottonseed	Sorghum, grain
Flaxseed	Sorghum, fodder
Flax, straw	Sorghum, forage
Guar beans	Soybeans
Peas, southern	Sunflower seed
Peppers, chili	

(b) A time-limited exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is established for residues of the defoliant/desiccant in connection with use of the pesticide under section 18 emergency exemptions granted by EPA. The exemption will expire and is revoked on the date specified in the following table:

Commodity	Parts per million	Expiration/revocation date
Wheat	NA	7/31/01

[54 FR 9800, Mar. 8, 1989, as amended at 60 FR 4862, Jan. 25, 1995; 62 FR 63863, Dec. 3, 1997; 63 FR 35846, July 1, 1998; 64 FR 42849, Aug. 6, 1999]

§ 180.1021 Copper; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

Copper is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance in meat, milk, poultry, eggs, fish, shellfish and irrigated crops when it results from the use of:

(a) Copper sulfate as an algicide or herbicide in irrigation conveyance systems and lakes, ponds, reservoirs, or bodies of water in which fish or shellfish are cultivated.

(b) Basic copper carbonate (malachite) as an algicide or herbicide in impounded and stagnant bodies of water.

(c) Copper triethanolamine and copper monoethanolamine as an algicide or herbicide in fish hatcheries, lakes, ponds, and reservoirs.

(d) Cuprous oxide bearing antifouling coatings for control of algae or other organisms on submerged concrete or other (irrigation) structures.

[47 FR 44563, Oct. 8, 1982]

§ 180.1022 Iodine-detergent complex; exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

The aqueous solution of hydriodic acid and elemental iodine, including one or both of the surfactants (a) polyoxypropylene-polyoxyethylene glycol nomionic block polymers (minimum average molecular weight 1,900) and (b) α -(*p*-nonylphenyl)-*omega*-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) having a maximum average molecular weight of 748 and in which the nonyl group is a propylene trimer isomer, is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance for residues in eggs and poultry when used as a sanitizer in poultry drinking water.

[37 FR 6581, Mar. 31, 1972]

§ 180.1023 Propionic acid; exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance.

(a) Postharvest application of propionic acid or a mixture of methylene bispropionate and oxy(bismethylene) bispropionate when used as a fungicide is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance for residues in or on the following raw agricultural commodities: Alfalfa, barley grain, Bermuda grass, bluegrass, brome grass, clover, corn grain, cowpea hay, fescue, lespedeza, lupines, oat grain, orchard grass, peanut hay, peavine hay, rye grass, sorghum grain, soybean hay, sudan grass, timothy, vetch, and wheat grain.

(b) Propionic acid is exempt from the requirement of a tolerance for residues in or on meat and meat byproducts of cattle, sheep, hogs, goats, horses, and poultry, milk, and eggs when applied as a bactericide/fungicide to livestock drinking water, poultry litter, and storage areas for silage and grain.

(c) Postharvest application of propionic acid when used as a fungicide is exempted from the requirement of a tolerance for residues in or on the following raw agricultural commodities: Cottonseed, peanuts, rice grain, and soybeans.

[60 FR 7459, Feb. 8, 1995]